

Articles of Association **continued**

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Articles of Association

(adopted by [a](#) Special Resolution passed on 25 February 2016 [and as amended pursuant to a Special Resolution dated](#))
of IDOX PLC (the "Company")

Company No: 03984070

Articles of Association continued

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(adopted by a Special Resolution passed on 25 February 2016 and as amended pursuant to a Special Resolution dated _____)

of IDOX PLC

1. No regulations set out in any schedule to any statute concerning companies shall apply as regulations or articles of the Company

~~2.~~

2. ~~2.1~~ In these articles if not inconsistent with the subject or context, the following words shall bear the following meanings

"the Acts"	means the CA 2006 and every other statute from time to time in force concerning companies insofar as the same applies to the Company,
"these articles"	means these articles of association of the Company as originally adopted or from time to time altered,
"Associate Company"	means as defined in section 256 of CA 2006,
"Board"	means the board of directors for the time being of the Company or the directors present or deemed to be present at a duly convened meeting of directors at which a quorum is present,
"CA 2006"	means the Companies Act 2006,
"Chairman"	means the chairman (if any) of the Board or, where the context requires, the chairman of a general meeting of the company
"CREST"	means the relevant system operated by Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited in terms of the Regulations, which enables title to shares or other securities to be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument,
"director"	means a director for the time being of the Company,
"Electronic Communication"	means the document or information is sent or supplied in such electronic form and by such electronic means as set out in section 1168 of the CA 2006,
"executed"	includes any mode of execution whether under seal or under hand,
"office"	means the registered office of the Company,
"Register"	means the register of members of the Company,

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"RPI"	means the Retail Price Index published by the Office of National Statistics from time to time or such other independently prepared measure of UK inflation as the Board shall adopt from time to time,
"secretary"	means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company,
"the Group"	means the Company and any subsidiary or subsidiaries for the time being of the Company, and
"the holder"	in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder of the shares,
"the London Stock Exchange"	means the London Stock Exchange Plc
"the Operator"	as defined in the Regulations,
"the Regulations"	means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 in so far as the same applies to the Company and includes (i) any enactment or subordinate legislation which amends or supersedes the Regulations, (ii) any applicable rules made under the Regulations or any such enactment or subordinate legislation for the time being in force,
"the seal"	means the common seal of the Company (if any) and includes the official seal (if any) kept by the Company by virtue of the Acts,
"Treasury Shares"	means any shares in the Company held in treasury pursuant to the Acts

[2.1](#) ~~2.2~~ References to writing shall include typewriting, printing, lithography, photography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form

[2.2](#) ~~2.3~~ Where for any purpose an ordinary resolution of the Company is required a special resolution shall also be effective

[2.3](#) ~~2.4~~ Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Acts or the Regulations (as the case may be) or any statutory modification or re-enactment of it or them in force when these regulations become binding on the Company

[2.4](#) ~~2.5~~ A reference to shares in "**uncertificated form**" means shares, the title to which is recorded in the Register as being held in such form and which by virtue of the Regulations may be transferred by means of a relevant system and reference to shares in "**certificated form**" means shares, the title to which is not and may not be so transferred

[2.5](#) ~~2.6~~ In these articles, "**address**" in relation to Electronic Communications, includes any number or address used for the purpose of such communication

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SHARE CAPITAL

3. The Ordinary Shares shall rank *par passu* in all respects and the holders of the Ordinary Shares shall be entitled to attend and vote at any general meeting of the Company
4. Subject to the provisions of the Acts and to any special rights conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares, any shares may with the sanction of a special resolution be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder
5. Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Company is hereby authorised to enter into any contract for the purchase of all or any of its shares of any class (including any redeemable shares) and any contract under which it may, subject to any conditions, become entitled or obliged to purchase all or any of such shares Every contract entered into in pursuance of this article shall be authorised by such resolution of the Company as may be required by the Acts, but subject thereto the directors shall have full power to determine or approve the terms of any such contract Any contract which the Company is hereby authorised to enter into may be or provide for the purchase of shares by private treaty, on a stock exchange or otherwise and neither the Company nor the directors shall be required to select the shares in question *rateably* or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or as between them and the holders of shares of any other class or in accordance with the rights as to demands or capital conferred by any class of shares Subject to the provisions of the Acts the Company may agree to the variation of any contract entered into in pursuance of this article and to release any of its rights or obligations under any such contract Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these articles, the rights and privileges attached to any class of shares shall be deemed not to be modified or abrogated by anything done by the Company in pursuance of this article
6. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Acts Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other The Company may also on any issue of share capital pay such brokerage as may be lawful
7. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as by these articles or by law otherwise provided) the Company shall not be bound by or to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

8. Subject to the Acts, all or any of the special rights for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being issued may from time to time (whether or not the Company is being wound-up) be altered or cancelled with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of such shares To any such separate general meeting all the provisions of these articles as to general meetings of the Company shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two or more persons holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third of the issued shares of the class except where there is only one holder of the relevant class of shares in which case the quorum shall be that holder, that every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every such share held by him, that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that at any adjourned meeting of such holders one holder present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum
9. The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to or the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *par passu* therewith

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SHARE CERTIFICATES

10. Every person (except a stock exchange nominee in respect of whom the Company is not by law required to complete and have ready for delivery a certificate) whose name is entered as a holder of any shares in the Register shall be entitled, without payment, to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer to him of the shares in respect of which he is so registered (or within such other period as the terms of issue shall provide) one certificate for all such shares of any one class or several certificates each for one or more of such shares of such class upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable out-of-pocket expenses as the directors may from time to time determine. In the case of a share held jointly by several persons, delivery of a certificate to one or several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all. A member (except such a nominee as aforesaid) who has transferred part of the shares comprised in his registered holding shall be entitled to a certificate for the balance without charge.
11. All forms of certificate for shares and/or loan capital or other securities of the Company (other than letters of allotment, scrip certificates and other like documents) shall, except to the extent that the terms and conditions for the time being relating thereto otherwise provide, be issued under seal affixed only with the authority of the Board or in such other manner as the Board having regard to the terms of issue, the Acts and the regulations of the London Stock Exchange may authorise. The directors may by resolution determine, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any such certificates need not be autographic but may be affixed to such certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed thereon or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.
12.
 - 12.1 If a share certificate is defaced, worn-out, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced without fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the exceptional out of pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the directors may determine and where it is defaced or worn out, after delivery up of the old certificate to the Company and in any event no replacement of a lost certificate will be issued unless the Company is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original has been destroyed.
 - 12.2 Notwithstanding the terms of articles 10, 11 and 12.1 above, where, in accordance with the terms of article 12.3 hereof, any shares or other securities of the Company are issued, transferred, registered or otherwise dealt with in uncertificated form, any references in these articles requiring title to shares or other securities to be evidenced by or transferred by reference to share certificates or any other form of written instrument shall not apply and the holding, transfer, recording of title to and, registration of, uncertificated securities issued by the Company will be governed by reference to the provisions of article 12.3 hereof.
 - 12.3
 - (a) Nothing in these articles shall preclude any share or other security of the Company from being issued, held, registered, converted, transferred or otherwise dealt with in an uncertificated form in accordance with the Regulations and any rules or requirements laid down from time to time by CREST or any other relevant system operated pursuant to the Regulations.
 - (b) In relation to any share or other security which is in uncertificated form, these articles shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Regulations and (so far as consistent with them) to the following provisions:
 - (i) the Company shall not be obliged to issue a certificate evidencing title to shares and all references to a certificate in respect of any shares or securities held in uncertificated form in these articles shall be deemed inapplicable to such shares or securities which are in uncertificated form and furthermore shall be interpreted as a reference to such form of evidence of title to uncertificated shares or securities as the Regulations prescribe or permit,

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- (ii) the registration of title to and transfer of any shares or securities in an uncertificated form shall be effected in accordance with the Regulations and there shall be no requirement for a written instrument of transfer,
- (iii) a properly authenticated dematerialised instruction given in accordance with the Regulations shall be given effect in accordance with the Regulations,
- (iv) any communication required or permitted by these articles to be given by a person to the Company may be given in accordance with and in any manner (whether or not in writing) prescribed or permitted by the Regulations
- (v) If a situation arises where any provision of these articles is inconsistent in any respect with the terms of the Regulations in relation to shares or securities of the Company which are in an uncertificated form then
 - (a) the Regulations will be given effect thereto in accordance with their terms, and
 - (b) the directors shall have power to implement any procedures they may think fit and as may accord with the Regulations for the recording and transferring of title to shares and securities in uncertificated form and for the regulation of those proceedings and the persons responsible for or involved in their operation,
 - (c) the directors shall have the specific powers to elect, without further consultation with the holders of any shares or securities of the Company (except where such shares or securities are constituted by virtue of some other deed, document or other source), that any single or all classes of shares and securities of the Company become capable of being traded in uncertificated form in accordance with the Regulations on CREST or any other Operator of a relevant system

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

- 13. The Company may destroy
 - 13.1 any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of such cancellation,
 - 13.2 any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two years from the date such mandate variation cancellation or notification is recorded by the Company,
 - 13.3 any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of six years from the date of registration, and
 - 13.4 any other documents on the basis of which any entry in the Register is made at any time after the expiry of twelve years from the date an entry in the Register was first made in respect of it,

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company **PROVIDED ALWAYS** that

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- (a) the foregoing provisions of this article shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim,
- (b) nothing contained in this article shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (a) above are not fulfilled, and
- (c) references in this article to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner

UNTRACED SHAREHOLDERS

14. 14.1

- (a) The Company shall be entitled to sell the shares of a member or the shares to which a person is entitled by death, bankruptcy or operation of law by instructing a member of the London Stock Exchange to sell them at the best price obtainable if and **PROVIDED THAT**
 - (i) during a period of 12 years all warrants and cheques in respect of at least 3 dividends declared by the Company in respect of the member's shares sent by the Company through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to the member at his registered address or to the person so entitled at the address shown in the Register as his address and have become payable and remain unclaimed and uncashed or have been returned undelivered, and
 - (ii) the Company shall insert advertisements in a national daily newspaper and a newspaper circulated in the area in which the last known address of the member or the address at which service of notices in the manner authorised by these articles may be effected, giving notice of its intention to sell the said shares, and
 - (iii) during the said period of 12 years and the period of 3 months following the said advertisements the Company has had no indication that such member or person can be traced, and
 - (iv) where any shares in the capital of the Company are listed or dealt in on the London Stock Exchange notice is first given to the London Stock Exchange of as intention so to do
- (b) To give effect to such sale the Company may appoint any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share or in the case of a share for the time being in uncertificated form to take such other steps in the name of the holder as may be necessary to transfer the shares sold, then the instrument or steps (as the case may be) shall be as effective as if it had been executed or they had been taken by the registered holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the share. The Company shall account to the member or other person entitled to such shares for the net proceeds of such sale and shall be deemed to be his debtor and not a trustee for him in respect of the same and no interest shall be payable by the Company to the member or other person entitled to such shares
- (c) Any moneys not accounted for to the member or other person entitled to such shares shall be carried to a separate account and shall be a permanent debt of the Company. Moneys carried to such separate accounts may either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company or its holding company if any) as the directors may from time to time think fit

- 14.2 If on two consecutive occasions dividend warrants and/or Notices have been sent through the post to any member at his registered address or his address for the service of Notices but have been left

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uncashed and/or returned undelivered or if, after one such occasion reasonable enquiries have failed to establish any new address of the registered member, such member shall not thereafter be entitled to receive dividend warrants and/or Notices by post from the Company until he shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the office a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for service of the Notices

LIEN

15. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to all moneys payable in respect of it.
16. The Company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or the person entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder demanding payment of the sum presently payable and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
17. To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold, or in the case of shares for the time being in uncertificated form to take such other steps in the name of the holder as may be necessary to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the share and he shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
18. The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall, in the case of shares in certificated form (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares immediately before the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

19. Subject to the provisions of these articles and to the terms of issue, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares and not by the terms of issue thereof made payable at a date fixed by or in accordance with such terms of issue (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of a sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or in part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A member shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made.
20. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.
21. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
22. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the unpaid sum from the day it became due until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at such rate not exceeding 15 per cent per annum as the directors may determine but the directors may waive

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payment of the interest wholly or in part The Company may also recover any costs, charges and expenses incurred by reason of the non-payment of any call

23. A sum payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these articles shall apply as if that sum had become due and payable by virtue of a call
24. Subject to the terms of allotment the directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment
25. The directors may receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the money unpaid upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called up thereon as a payment in advance of calls, and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish, so far as the same shall extend, the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is advanced, and the Company may pay interest upon the money so received, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which it has been received, at such rate as the member paying such sum and the directors agree, but provided that any such payment in advance of calls shall not entitle the holder of the shares to participate in respect thereof in a dividend subsequently declared by reference to a record date earlier than the due date for the call The directors may repay any amount paid in advance of the call, upon giving the member concerned at least three months' notice in writing
26. If a call or instalment of a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited
27. If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture Where any share has been forfeited in accordance with the articles of association, the Company will serve a notice of forfeiture on the person who was the holder of the share before forfeiture The accidental omission to give notice or the non-receipt of notice will not invalidate the forfeiture

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE CONTINUED

28. Subject to the provisions of the Acts, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the directors think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be annulled by the directors on such terms as they think fit Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share, or in the case of a share for the time being in uncertificated form to take such steps in the name of the holder as may be necessary to transfer the share to that person
29. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and, in the case of shares in certificated form shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of those shares with interest at such rate as may be fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Acts) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal Forfeiture of a share shall extinguish all interest and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of that share

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30. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share

DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

31.

- 31.1 No member shall, unless the directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of any share held by him to vote (either in person or by representative or proxy) at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares, or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting if he or any other person appearing to be interested in the share(s) has been given a notice under section 793 CA 2006 ("a Section 793 notice") and has failed to give the Company the information thereby required within 14 days from the date of the notice

- 31.2 No member holding shares representing 0.25 per cent or more in nominal value of the issued shares of any class of capital in the Company, excluding Treasury Shares, shall, unless the directors otherwise determine, be entitled

- (a) in respect of any such shares, to vote (either in person or by representative or proxy) at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares, or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting, or
- (b) to receive payment of any dividend (including shares in lieu of dividend) or other distribution payable in respect of any such shares, or
- (c) to transfer any such shares otherwise than
 - (i) pursuant to acceptance of a take-over offer,
 - (ii) through a recognised investment exchange or other recognised market, or
 - (iii) in any other manner which the directors are satisfied is bona fide and at arm's length (in each case hereinafter referred to as an "arm's length sale"),

if he or any person appearing to be interested in such shares has been given a notice under section 793 of CA 2006 ("Section 793 notice") and has failed to give the Company the information thereby required within 14 days from the date of the notice provided that upon receipt by the Company of notice that the shares have been transferred pursuant to any arm's length sale or upon all information required by the Section 793 notice being given, such restrictions shall cease to apply in respect of such shares and any dividend withheld shall be paid

- 31.3 For the purposes of this article

- (a) a person other than the member holding a share shall be treated as appearing to be interested in that share if the member has informed the Company that the person is, or may be, so interested, or if the Company (after taking account of any information obtained from the member or, pursuant to a Section 793 notice, from anyone else) knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person is, or may be, so interested,
- (b) "interested" shall be construed as it is for the purpose of Section 793 of CA 2006,
- (c) "take-over offer" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 974 of CA 2006,

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- (d) "recognised investment exchange" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended from time to time), and
 - (e) "at arm's length" means a transfer to a person who is unconnected with the members and with any other person appearing to be interested in the shares, and
 - (f) reference to a person having failed to give the Company the information required by a Section 793 notice includes (i) reference to his having failed or refused to give all or any part of it and (ii) reference to his having given information which he knows to be false in a material particular or having recklessly given information which is false in a material particular
- 31.4 Where on the basis of information obtained from a member in respect of any share held by him, the Company gives a Section 793 notice to any other person, it shall at the same time send a copy of the notice to the member, but the accidental omission to do so, or the non-receipt by the member of the copy, shall not invalidate or otherwise affect the application of sub-clause 31 1
- 31.5 Any sanctions imposed upon a shareholding in respect of a person having failed to give the Company the information required by a Section 793 notice will cease to apply 7 days after the earlier of
- (a) receipt by the Company of notice that the shareholding has been sold to a third party in the manner described above, and
 - (b) due compliance to the satisfaction of the Company, with the notice under Section 793
- 31.6 Nothing in these articles shall limit the powers of the Company under Section 794 CA 2006 or any other powers whatsoever

TRANSFER OF SHARES

32.

- 32.1 Subject to such of the restrictions of these articles as may be applicable, any member may transfer all or any of his shares The instrument of transfer of a share in certificated form may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee
- 32.2 Nothing in these articles shall require title to any securities of the Company to be evidenced or transferred by a written instrument, the regulations from time to time made under the Acts so permitting The Board shall have power to implement any arrangements it may think fit for such evidencing and transfer which accord with those regulations
33. The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without giving any reason, refuse to register the transfer of a share in certificated form which is not fully paid or of a share on which the Company has a lien provided that such refusal shall not prevent dealings in the shares taking place on an open and proper basis

34.

- 34.1 The directors may also decline to recognise an instrument of transfer in respect of shares in certificated form unless
- (a) it is lodged duly stamped at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer,

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- (b) it is in respect of only one class of share, and
- (c) it is in favour of not more than four transferees

34.2 In the case of shares for the time being in uncertificated form transfers shall be registered only in accordance with the terms of the Regulations but so that the directors may refuse to register a transfer which would require shares to be held jointly by more than four persons

TRANSFER OF SHARES CONTINUED

- 35. If the directors decline to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company (or in the case of uncertificated shares the Operator-instruction was received by the Company) send to the transferee notice of the refusal, together with its reasons for the refusal
- 36. The registration of transfers of shares or debentures or of any class of shares or debentures may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine but so that such a suspension shall only apply to uncertificated shares with the prior consent of the Operator
- 37. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document or instructions relating to or affecting the title to any share or for otherwise making any entry in the Register relating to any share
- 38. Subject to article 13, all instruments of transfer which are registered shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person depositing it
- 39. Nothing in these articles shall preclude the directors from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 40. If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share held by him solely or which had been jointly held by him
- 41. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law may, upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require, elect to become the holder of the share or in the case of certificated shares alternatively elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the provisions of these articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer signed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred. Nothing in these articles shall preclude the transfer of shares or other securities of the Company in uncertificated form in accordance with the terms of article 12.3 hereof, and any references contained in these articles in relation to the execution of any instrument of transfer or the registration of any transfer of shares or other securities of the Company in uncertificated form shall be read in accordance with the terms of article 12.3 hereof
- 42. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law shall (upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the directors as to his entitlement) have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be

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entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company The Board may at any time give notice requiring the person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and if the Notice is not complied with within 60 days the Board may withhold payment of all dividends and other monies payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the Notice have been complied with

STOCK

43. The Company may by ordinary resolution convert any paid up shares into stock, and re-convert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination After the passing of any resolution converting all the fully paid up shares of any class in the capital of the Company into stock, any shares of that class which subsequently become fully paid up and rank *par passu* in all other respects with such shares shall by virtue of this article and such resolution be converted into stock transferable in the same units as the shares already converted
44. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as would have applied to the shares from which the stock arose if they had not been converted, or as near thereto as circumstances admit, but the directors may from time to time, if they think fit, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of each of the shares from which the stock arose
45. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages in all respects as if they held the shares from which the stock arose provided that no such privilege or advantage (except participation in dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on a winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage
46. All the provisions of these articles applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock and in all such provisions the words "share" and "member" shall include "stock" and "stockholder" respectively

GENERAL MEETINGS

47. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called general meetings
48. The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the CA 2006, shall forthwith proceed to call a general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Acts If at any time there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to pass a board resolution to call a general meeting, any director or any two members of the Company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be called by the directors

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

49. Subject to the provisions of the Acts, an annual general meeting shall be called by twenty-one days' notice at the least, and all other general meetings shall be called by fourteen days' notice at the least The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served, or deemed to be served, and of the day of the meeting Every notice shall be in writing and shall specify the place, the day and the time of meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted, and in the case of an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such and the notice convening a meeting to pass ordinary or special resolutions shall specify the intention to propose the resolutions as ordinary or special resolutions as appropriate For the purposes of this article, (and without prejudice to the other provisions of these articles), the cases in which notice in writing is to be taken as given to a member include any case in which the notice of meeting is sent, or treated as given, using Electronic Communication in accordance with the applicable provisions of the CA 2006, and the applicable provisions of CA 2006 shall apply in respect of the publication of such notice as a web-site Notices shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all the members, other than those who under the provisions of these articles or under the rights attached to the shares held by them are not entitled

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to receive the notice, and to the auditors for the time being of the Company Notwithstanding that a meeting of the Company is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article, it shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS CONTINUED

- 49.1 in the case of a meeting called as an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
- 49.2 in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right
50. The Board may convene a general meeting whenever it thinks fit and, upon receipt of a requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Acts, shall forthwith convene such a meeting for a date not later than 28 days after the date of the Notice convening the meeting
- 51.
- 51.1 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting or (in cases where instruments of proxy are sent out with the notice) the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting or such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting
- 51.2 The directors may determine that persons entitled to receive notices of meetings are those persons entered on the Register at the close of business on a day determined by the directors being not more than 21 days before the day that the notices are sent and may specify in the notice of the meeting a time, not more than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting, by which a person must be entered on the Register in order to have the right to attend or vote at the meeting Changes to entries on the Register after the time so specified shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend or vote at the meeting

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

52. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a general meeting All business that is transacted at an annual general meeting shall also be deemed special, with the exception of declaring dividends, the consideration of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the directors and auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the appointment of directors in the place of those retiring by rotation or otherwise and the reappointment of the retiring auditors (other than retiring auditors who have been appointed by the directors to fill a casual vacancy) and the fixing of or the determining of the method of fixing the remuneration of the auditors and the directors
53. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present but the absence of a quorum shall not preclude the appointment, choice or election of a chairman which shall not be treated as part of the business of the meeting Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum
54. If a quorum is not present within five minutes (or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the Chairman of the meeting may determine to wait) from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting if convened on the requisition of, or by members, shall be dissolved In any other case it shall stand adjourned to such other day not being less than fourteen nor more than twenty-eight days thereafter and at such other time and place as the directors may determine At such adjourned meeting one member present in person or proxy (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum The Company shall give not less than seven days' notice in writing of any meeting adjourned through want of a quorum and such

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notice shall state that one member present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum

55. The directors may make arrangements for simultaneous attendance and participation in general meetings by members and proxies entitled to attend such meetings at places other than the place specified in the notice convening the meeting ("the specified place") Any arrangements for simultaneous attendance at other places shall operate so that any members and proxies excluded from attendance at the specified place are able to attend at one or more of the other places For the purpose of all other provisions of these articles any such meeting shall be treated as being held and taking place at the specified place The right of any member or proxy otherwise entitled to attend a general meeting at the specified place shall be subject to any arrangements that the directors may at their discretion make from time to time (whether before or after the date of the notice convening the meeting) for facilitating the organisation and administration of any general meeting by requiring any such person (selected on such basis as the directors may at their discretion decide) to attend the meeting at one or more of the other places
- 56.
- 56.1 The Chairman, if any, of the Board or in his absence the deputy-chairman, or in the absence of both the chairman and the deputy-chairman some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as the chairman of the meeting, but if neither the Chairman nor the deputy-chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or if present is unwilling to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting
- 56.2 If no director is willing to act as chairman of the meeting, or if no director is present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman, and will remain chairman for the duration of the relevant meeting
- 57.
- 57.1 A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company
- 57.2 Where shares are held by nominee shareholders the directors may make arrangements for the holders of the beneficial interest in shares to attend and speak (but not vote) at general meetings notwithstanding that the names do not appear on the Register Any person invited by the Chairman to do so may attend and speak at any general meeting
58. The Chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place In addition, the Chairman may at any time without the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting to another time or place if it appears to the Chairman that
- 58.1 the number of persons wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place(s) appointed for the meeting, or
- 58.2 the unruly conduct of persons attending the meeting prevents or is likely to prevent the orderly continuation of the business of the meeting, or
- 58.3 an adjournment is otherwise necessary so that the business of the meeting may be properly conducted

No business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place

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59.

- 59.1 (a) In the case of a Resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than an amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted upon and in the case of a Resolution duly proposed as an Ordinary Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than an amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted upon unless at least 48 hours prior to the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which such Resolution is to be proposed notice in writing of the terms of the amendment and intention to vote to move the same have been lodged at the office
- (b) If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the Chairman of the meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling

59.2 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) a poll is duly demanded Subject to the provisions of the Acts, a poll may be demanded

- (a) by the Chairman of the meeting, or
- (b) by at least two members having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote on the resolution being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right,

and a demand by a proxy for a member shall be the same as (i) a demand by a member, or (ii) a demand by a member representing the voting rights that the proxy is authorised to exercise, or (iii) a demand by a member holding the shares to which the rights are attached

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS CONTINUED

60. Unless a poll is duly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority shall be final and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution
61. The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn with the consent of the Chairman, and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
62. A poll on any question, other than the election of the Chairman shall be taken as the Chairman directs, including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets, and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded
63. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman shall be entitled to a second or casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have
64. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the Chairman directs not being more than thirty days from the conclusion of the meeting The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any

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business other than the question on which the poll was demanded, and it may be withdrawn with the consent of the Chairman at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

65. No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting in respect of which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

66. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
67. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the Register.
68. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any competent court or official on the ground that he is or may be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of managing his affairs may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver or other person authorised in that behalf and such person may vote on a poll by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.
69. Unless the directors otherwise determine, no member shall be entitled to receive notice of or to vote at any general meeting, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.
70. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
71. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses the same way.
72. An appointment of a proxy shall, unless otherwise permitted by the directors, be by an instrument in writing in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and for the avoidance of doubt may be in the form of a two way proxy form and shall, unless the directors otherwise determine, be executed by or on behalf of the appointor. A corporation may execute a form of proxy under the hand of a duly authorised officer. A member may appoint more than one proxy (who need not be a member) to attend, speak and vote on the same occasion, provided that the appointment of more than one proxy must relate in each case to specific shares. Deposit of an appointment of a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting or at any adjournment thereof. An appointment of a proxy may, if so permitted by the directors, be contained in an Electronic Communication in accordance with these articles, authenticated or executed in such manner as is specified by the directors.
73. The appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may

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73.1 in the case of an instrument in writing, be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting by the deadline set out in the relevant notice or proxy, which shall not be earlier than 48 hours (disregarding any part of a day that is not a working day) before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or

73.2 in the case of an appointment contained in an Electronic Communication, where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving Electronic Communications

- (a) in the notice convening the meeting, or
- (b) in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting, or
- (c) in any invitation contained in an Electronic Communication to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting,

be received at such address by the deadline set out in the relevant Electronic Communication which shall not be earlier than 48 hours (disregarding any part of a day that is not a working day) before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote,

73.3 in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited or received as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded by the deadline specified, which shall not be earlier than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or

73.4 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the Chairman or to the secretary or to any director,

and an appointment of proxy which is not deposited, delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid

In this article, "address", in relation to Electronic Communications, includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications

When two or more valid but differing forms for the appointment of a proxy are delivered in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting, the one which is last delivered (regardless of its date or of the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the others as regards that share. If the Company is unable to determine which was last delivered, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share

VOTES OF MEMBERS CONTINUED

74. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the office or at such other place in the United Kingdom as may be specified for the delivery of instruments of proxy in the notice convening the meeting or other document sent therewith one hour at least before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or on the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll

75.

75.1 The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed also to confer authority (a) to demand or join in demanding a poll (and for the purposes of article 58 a demand by a person as

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proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member), and (b) to vote on a poll on the election of a Chairman and on a motion to adjourn a meeting

- 75.2 The instrument appointing a proxy shall entitle a proxy to vote or abstain at his discretion on any resolution put to the vote at a general meeting, unless his appointment provides otherwise
- 75.3 No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date named in it as the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in cases where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date
76. If any votes are counted which ought not to have been counted, or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it is pointed out at the same meeting, or at any adjournment thereof, and it is in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the result of the voting

REPRESENTATION OF CORPORATIONS

77. Any Corporation being a member may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative (or, as the case may be, representatives) at any general meeting of the Company or any class meeting of the members of the Company. A person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the grantor as the Grantor could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and each person so authorised shall, if present at any such meeting, for the purpose of these articles be deemed to be a member present in person at such meeting

NUMBER AND QUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

78. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall be not less than two in number. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution fix a maximum number of directors and from time to time vary that maximum number. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

79. Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by the directors, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him. An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of directors, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence. An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director, but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been re-appointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment. Every appointment and removal of an alternate director shall be in writing executed by the director making or revoking the appointment and (in the case of an appointment) by the person appointed and shall be deposited at the office or tendered at a meeting of the directors or in any other manner approved by the directors.
80. Every person acting as an alternate director shall (save as regards the power to appoint an alternate director and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these articles relating to directors and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him. The remuneration of any alternate director shall be payable out of the remuneration payable to the director appointing him, and shall consist of such part (if any) of the last-mentioned remuneration as shall be agreed between the alternate director and the director appointing him.

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POWERS OF DIRECTORS

81. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the directors may exercise all the powers of the Company No alteration of the articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made and that direction had not been given The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors
82. The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and subject to the Acts to issue debentures and other securities whether outright or as collateral security for any debt liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party
83. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security, the directors may delegate to the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed, or to any other person in trust for him, the power to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital, and to sue in the name of the Company or otherwise for the recovery of moneys becoming due in respect of calls so made and to give valid receipts for such moneys, and the power so delegated shall subsist during the continuance of the mortgage or security, notwithstanding any change of directors, and shall be assignable if expressed so to be
84. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other instruments whether negotiable or transferable or not, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the directors may from time to time by resolution determine
- 84.a The directors shall have the power to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

85. The directors may delegate any of their powers
- 85.1 to any director holding any other executive office, and
- 85.2 to any committee consisting of one or more directors or to any committee consisting of directors and co-opted persons not being directors Subject to the above the delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be varied or revoked Subject to any such conditions and the above, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they apply
86. The directors may from time to time, and at any time, appoint any corporation, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the directors under these articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such appointment may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such agent as the directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such agent to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion vested in him
87. The directors may cause to be kept in any part of Her Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man in which the Company transacts business a branch register or registers of members resident in such part of the said Dominions, and the directors may

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(subject to the provisions of the Acts) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

88. At each annual general meeting of the Company
- 88.1 any director who has been appointed by the Board since the immediately preceding annual general meeting, or
- 88.2 any director for whom it is the third annual general meeting following the annual general meeting at which he was elected or last re-elected,
- shall retire from office but shall be eligible for re-appointment
89. Subject to article 96, a director retiring at a meeting aforesaid shall retain office until the dissolution of that meeting
90. If the Company, at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost
91. No person other than a director retiring at a meeting shall, unless recommended by the directors, be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless, not less than seven nor more than a maximum of forty-two days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting (not being the person to be proposed) has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by the person being proposed of his willingness to be appointed
92. Subject to article 93 the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire
93. The directors may appoint a person to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors
94. Subject to the provisions of these articles, the Company at the meeting at which a director retires in manner aforesaid may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto and in default the retiring director shall, if willing to continue to act, be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for the re-election of such director shall have been put to the meeting and lost
- 95.
- 95.1 Any contract of employment entered into by a director with the Company shall not include a term that it is to be for a period exceeding two years unless such term is first approved by ordinary resolution

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

96. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Acts, the Company may, by special resolution or by ordinary resolution of which special notice has been given in accordance with the Acts, remove a director before the expiration of his period of office (but such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company) and

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may, by ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a director on the day on which the director in whose place he is appointed was last appointed or reappointed a director.

97. Without prejudice to the provisions for retirement by rotation contained herein the office of a director shall be vacated if
- 97.1 he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Acts or is removed from office pursuant to these articles, or
- 97.2 he becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
- 97.3 he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally, or
- 97.4 an order is made by a court of competent jurisdiction by reason of his mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of any person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs, or
- 97.5 not being a director whose contract of employment precludes resignation, he resigns his office by notice to the Company, or
- 97.6 he shall for more than six months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and his alternate director (if any) shall not during that period have attended any such meeting in his stead and the directors resolve that his office be vacated, or
- 97.7 if he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by a simple majority of the other members of the Board, but so that if he holds an appointment to an executive office which thereby automatically determines such removal shall be deemed to be an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

98. The non-executive directors shall be entitled at the date of adoption of these articles to directors' fees in aggregate not exceeding
- 98.1 £250,000 per annum and such limit shall thereafter automatically increase annually at the Company's accounting year-end in line with any increase in the RPI, or
- 98.2 such other higher amount as the Company by ordinary resolution may from time to time determine, which shall (unless otherwise determined by the resolution by which it is voted) be divided between the directors as they may agree or, failing agreement, equally. The directors' remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be entitled to be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with the business of the Company, or in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or of committees of the directors or general meetings.
99. Any director who serves on any committee or who devotes special attention to the business of the Company, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, participation in profits or otherwise as the directors may determine.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

100. The directors may from time to time appoint any one or more of their body to be a Managing director or to be the holder of any other executive office on such terms as they think fit, and may revoke or vary any such appointment. The appointment of a managing director or of a director to any executive

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office as aforesaid shall automatically be terminated if in either case he ceases for any reason to be a director Any revocation or termination of any such appointment shall be without prejudice to any claim for breach of any contract between the director and the Company A Managing director or a director appointed to such other executive office as aforesaid shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits and partly in one way and partly in another or others, or otherwise) as the directors may determine

101. The directors may entrust to and confer upon any director appointed to any such executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as directors, other than the power to make calls or forfeit shares, upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own power, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers
102. A director, including an alternate director, may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of auditor of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company) in conjunction with his office of director for such period and upon such terms as the directors may determine, and may act in a professional capacity to the Company, on such terms as to tenure of office, remuneration and otherwise as the directors may determine
103. Subject to the Acts and to the provisions of these articles, no director or intending director, including an alternate director, shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either with regard to his tenure of any other office or place of profit, or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any director is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested, be liable to be avoided, nor shall any director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit realised by any such contract or arrangement, by reason of such director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS CONTINUED

104. Any director, including an alternate director, may continue to be or become a director or other officer or member of or otherwise interested in any other company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested, as a member or otherwise, or which is a holding company of the Company or a subsidiary of any such holding company, and no such director shall be accountable for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or other officer or member of, or from his interest in, any such other company The directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares of any other company held or owned by the Company or exercisable by them as directors of any such holding company or subsidiary in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing themselves or any of them directors or other officers of such company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or other officers of such company)
105. A director, including an alternate director, who is to his knowledge in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of directors In the case of a proposed contract or arrangement the declaration shall be made at the meeting of the directors at which the question of entering into the contract is first taken into consideration if he knows his interest then exists, or, if the director was not at the date of that meeting interested in the proposed contract or arrangement, at the next meeting of directors held after he became so interested if he knows his interest then exists In a case where the director becomes interested in a contract or arrangement after it is made or becomes aware of his interest the declaration shall be made at the first meeting of the directors held after the director becomes so interested or knows that he is or has become so interested In a case where the director is interested in a contract or arrangement which has been made before he was appointed a director the declaration shall be made at the first meeting of the directors held after he is so appointed
106. For the purposes of the last preceding article a general notice given to the directors by any director to the effect that

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106.1 he is a member of any specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be made with the Company or firm, or

106.2 he is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him

(if such director shall give the same at a meeting of the directors or shall take reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next meeting of the directors after it is given) shall be deemed a sufficient declaration of interest in relation to any contract so made

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

107. The directors may establish and maintain, or procure the establishment and maintenance of, any pension or superannuation funds (whether contributory or otherwise) for the benefit of, and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances and emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied to or associated with the Company or any such subsidiary or of any of the predecessors in business of the Company or any such other company as aforesaid, or who may be or have been directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid and who hold or have held executive positions or agreements for service with the Company or any such other company as aforesaid, and the wives, widows, families, connections and dependants of any such persons, and also establish, subsidise and subscribe to any institutions, associations, societies, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of, or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, or of any such person as aforesaid, and make payments for or towards the insurance of any such person as aforesaid and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object, and do any of the matters aforesaid either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid Subject to particulars with respect to the proposed payment being disclosed to the members of the Company and to the proposal being approved by the Company by ordinary resolution, if the Acts shall so require, any director who holds or has held any such executive position or agreement for services shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

108. The directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors by giving not less than 5 working days' notice or such shorter notice as all the directors shall agree Any director may waive notice of any meeting and such waiver may be retrospective Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote Every person acting as an alternate director shall have one vote for each director for whom he acts as alternate in addition to his own vote if he is also a director) The signature of an alternate director to any resolution in writing of the directors or a committee of the directors shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as the signature of his appointor

109. The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two An alternate director who is not himself a director shall be counted in the quorum Any director or member of a committee of the directors may participate in a meeting of the directors or such committee by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other and participation in the meeting in such manner shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at such meeting and that person shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly Such meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the Chairman of the meeting then is

110. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed by or in accordance with these

Articles of Association continued

articles, the continuing directors or director, notwithstanding that the number of directors is below the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles as the quorum or that there is only one continuing director, may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting of the Company but not for any other purpose

111. The directors may appoint one or more of their number to be the Chairman or the deputy chairman of the Board and may at any time remove any director so appointed from office and appoint another director in his place. The director appointed as Chairman, or, in his absence, as deputy chairman shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present, but if there is no director holding either such office, or if no director holding either such office is present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting
112. All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director or member of a committee of directors shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director or member of a committee of directors and had been entitled to vote
- 113.
- 113.1 A resolution in writing executed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or by all the members for the time being of a committee of directors (not being less, in either case, than a quorum) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and constituted. Such resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in the like form (which may be facsimile or electronic copies) each signed by one or more directors or members of the committee concerned. No signature shall be necessary if electronic copies are used, subject to any terms and conditions which the directors may prescribe for such copies
- 113.2 All or any of the members of the Board or any committee of the Board may participate in a meeting of the Board or that committee by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. A person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating has assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS CONTINUED

- 114.
- 114.1 Save as otherwise provided by these articles, a director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the directors or a committee of the directors in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he (together with any persons connected with him) is to his knowledge materially interested (including, without limitation, any service contract or contract for services between such director and the Company), and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted, but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters, namely
- (a) any contract or arrangement for giving to such director any security, guarantee or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or obligations undertaken by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings,
 - (b) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings which the director has filmset (guaranteed or secured in whole or in part,

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- (c) any contract or arrangement by a director to subscribe for shares, debentures or other securities of the Company issued or to be issued pursuant to any offer or invitation to members or debenture holders of the Company or any class thereof or to the public or any section thereof, or to underwrite any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company,
 - (d) any contract or arrangement in which he is interested by virtue of his interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or by reason of any other interest in or through the Company,
 - (e) any contract or arrangement concerning any other company in which he is interested directly or indirectly or as a shareholder holding less than 1% of any class of the equity share capital of, or the voting rights in such company as an officer, shareholder, creditor or otherwise howsoever,
 - (f) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement death or disability benefits scheme which relates both to directors and employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any director as such any privilege or advantage not accorded to the employees to which such scheme or fund relates,
 - (g) any arrangement for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries under which the director benefits in a similar manner as the employees and which does not accord to any director as such any privilege or advantage not accorded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates,
 - (h) any proposal, contract, transaction or arrangement concerning (a) the purchase or maintenance of insurance for the benefit of the directors or for the benefit of persons who include directors, or (b) indemnities in favour of directors, or (c) the funding of expenditure by one or more directors in defending proceedings against him or them or (d) doing anything to enable such director or directors to avoid incurring such expenditure
- 114.2 A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a director owns one per cent or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he is (either directly or indirectly) the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company. For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a director as bare or custodian trustee and in which he has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the director's interest is in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the director is interested only as a unit holder
- 114.3 Where a company in which a director holds one per cent or more is materially interested in a transaction, then that director shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction
115. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote
116. The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors and may ratify any transactions not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of these articles
- 116.1 The directors shall have the power to authorise any matter which would or might otherwise constitute or give rise to a breach of duty of a director under Section 175 of the CA 2006 to avoid a situation in which he has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company save that such authorisation of the directors shall be effective only if the

Articles of Association continued

required quorum at the meeting at which the matter is considered is met without counting the interested director and the matter was agreed to without such director voting or would have been agreed to if their vote had not been counted

- 116.2 Subject to article 116.3, a director shall be under no duty to the Company with respect to any information which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than as a director of the Company and in respect of which he has a duty of confidentiality to another person. In particular, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the Company under CA 2006 because he fails
- (a) to disclose any such information to the Board or to any director or other officer or employee of the Company, and/or
 - (b) to use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director of the Company
- 116.3 To the extent that the relationship between a director and a person to whom he owes a duty of confidentiality gives rise to a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest, article 116.2 applies only if the existence of that relationship has been authorised by the Board pursuant to article 116.1
- 116.4 Where the existence of a director's relationship with another person is authorised by the Board pursuant to article 116.1 and his relationship with that person gives rise to a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the Company under CA 2006 because he
- (a) absents himself from meetings of the Board at which any matter relating to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest will or may be discussed or from the discussion of any such matter at a meeting or otherwise, and/or
 - (b) makes arrangements not to receive documents and information relating to any matter which gives rise to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest sent or supplied by the Company and/or makes arrangements for such documents and information to be received and read by a professional adviser, for so long as he reasonably believes such conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest subsists
- 116.5 The provisions of articles 116.1 and 116.4 are without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the director from
- (a) disclosing information in circumstances where disclosure would otherwise be required under these articles, or
 - (b) attending meetings or discussions or receiving documents and information as referred to in article 116.4, in circumstances where such attendance or receiving such documents and information would otherwise be required under these articles

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS CONTINUED

- 116.6 For the purpose of articles 116.1 to 116.5
- (a) a "**conflict of interest**" includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties,
 - (b) an "**interest**" means a direct or an indirect interest, and
 - (c) an "interest, transaction or arrangement of which a director is aware" includes an interest, transaction or arrangement of which that director ought reasonably to be aware
117. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof or the termination thereof of two or more directors to offices or employments with the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested the

Articles of Association continued

proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof or the termination thereof

118. If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director other than the chairman of the meeting to vote or be counted in a quorum, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the director concerned as known to such director has not been fairly disclosed to the directors. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the directors (for which purpose such chairman shall be counted in the quorum but shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman as known to such chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the directors

MINUTES

119. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
- 119.1 of all appointments of officers made by the directors,
- 119.2 of the names of the directors present at each meeting of directors and of any committee of directors,
- 119.3 of all resolutions and proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the holders of any class of shares in the Company and of the directors and of committees of directors

SECRETARY

120. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they think fit and any secretary so appointed may be removed by the directors
121. Anything by the Acts required or authorised to be done by or to the secretary may, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no secretary capable of acting, be done by or to any assistant or deputy secretary or, if there is no assistant or deputy secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially in that behalf by the directors provided that any provision of the Acts or of these articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in the place of, the secretary

THE SEAL

122. The Company may have a seal if it so resolves. In such case the directors shall provide for the custody of every seal. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors in that behalf. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director. Any instrument to which an official seal is affixed need not, unless the directors for the time being otherwise determine or the law otherwise requires, be signed by any person

DIVIDENDS

123. Subject to the provisions of the Acts the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends to be paid to members in accordance with the respective rights and their interests in the profits available for distribution, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors

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124. Subject to the provisions of the Acts and of these articles, the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.
125. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to or the terms of issue of shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid on the Ordinary Share capital according to the amounts paid up on such shares otherwise than in advance of calls on which the dividend is paid. Subject as aforesaid, all dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares otherwise than in advance of calls during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.
126. The directors may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable to any member on or in respect of any share any moneys presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in respect of shares of the Company.
- 127.
- 127.1 A general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates or authorise any person to sell and transfer any fractions or may ignore fractions altogether and may fix the value for distribution purposes of any such specific assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to secure equality of distribution and may vest any such specific assets in trustees.

DIVIDENDS CONTINUED

- 127.2 (a) The directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, offer holders of Ordinary Shares the right to elect to receive in respect of all or part of their holdings of Ordinary Shares additional Ordinary Shares in the Company, credited as fully paid, instead of cash in respect of all or part of such dividend or dividends whether interim or final and (subject to the following provisions of this article) upon such terms and conditions and in such manner as may be specified in such Ordinary Resolution and otherwise as the directors may determine. Any such resolution may specify a particular dividend and/or all of any dividends (or part of such dividends) declared or paid within a specified period, but no such period may end later than the beginning of the Annual General Meeting in the calendar year next following the date on which such Ordinary Resolution is passed.
- (b) When any such right of election is offered to the holders of Ordinary Shares pursuant to this article, the directors shall make such offer to such holders in writing (conditionally if the necessary Ordinary Resolution has yet to be passed, upon such resolution being passed) and shall make available to or provide such holders with forms of election (in such form as the directors may approve) whereby such holders may exercise such right and shall notify such holders of the procedure to be followed and of the place at which and the latest date and time by which, duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective.
- (c) Each holder of Ordinary Shares who elects to receive additional Ordinary Shares in the Company under a right offered to him pursuant to this article shall be entitled to receive

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such whole number of additional Ordinary Shares as is as nearly as possible equal in value (calculated on the basis of the Market Value of an additional Ordinary Share in the Company) to (but not in excess of) the cash amount that such holder would otherwise have received by way of dividend. For the purposes of this article, the **"Market Value"** of an additional Ordinary Share in the Company shall be the average of the prices at which business is done in the Ordinary Shares (derived from the Daily Official List of the London Stock Exchange) on such five consecutive dealing days as the directors shall determine (save that the first of such dealing days shall be on or after the day when the issued Ordinary Shares in the Company are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend, unless no business is done during such dealing days, when in that case the first of such dealing days should be the latest practicable date at least five days prior to the date when the issued Ordinary Shares in the Company are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend when business is done in the Ordinary Shares) or the nominal value of an Ordinary Share in the Company (whichever is the higher)

- (d) Following an election by holders of Ordinary Shares in accordance with this article, the relevant dividend (or that part of a dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable on the Ordinary Shares issued pursuant to the election but in lieu thereof, the directors shall capitalise out of any undistributed profits of the Company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or out of any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital reserves (including any capital redemption reserve), as the directors may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal value of the number of additional Ordinary Shares required to be allotted to the holders of Ordinary Shares who have made such election and shall apply such sum in paying up in full such number of additional Ordinary Shares and shall allot and distribute the same to and amongst such holders on the basis set out in sub-clause (c) of this article save that the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall be subject to any right of the directors under these articles to retain any dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of the Ordinary Shares of a particular member
- (e) The additional new Ordinary Shares so allotted shall rank *par passu* with the fully paid Ordinary Shares in the Company then in issue save that they shall not be entitled to participate in the dividend in relation to which the relevant election was made
- (f) A resolution of the directors capitalising any part of the reserves or profits hereinbefore mentioned shall have the same effect as if such capitalisation had been declared by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in accordance with these articles and in relation to any such capitalisation the directors may exercise all the powers, other than the powers to allot fractional shares, conferred on them by article 132 without the need for any such Ordinary Resolution
- (g) The directors may at their discretion make any rights of election offered pursuant to this article subject to such exclusions or arrangements as they may consider necessary or expedient to deal with any legal or other difficulties which would or may otherwise arise under laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory
- (h) Every duly effected election shall be binding on every successor in title to the Ordinary Shares or any of the members who have effected the same

128. The following provisions shall apply to the payment of any dividend or other monies payable in cash

128.1 The Company may pay any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares, by direct debit, bank transfer, cheque, dividend warrant or money order. In respect of shares in uncertificated form where the Company is authorised to do so by or on behalf of the holder or joint holders in such manner as the Company shall from time to time consider sufficient, the Company may also pay any such dividend, interest or other moneys by means of the relevant system concerned (subject always to the facilities and requirements of that relevant system)

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- 128.2 Every such cheque, warrant or order may be remitted by post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct Every such cheque, warrant or order shall be made payable to or to the order of the person to whom it is sent, or to such other person as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct
- 128.3 Every such payment made by direct debit or bank transfer shall be made to the holder or joint holders or to or through such other person as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct In respect of shares in uncertificated form, every such payment made by means of the relevant system referred to in paragraph 131 of this article shall be made in such manner as may be consistent with the facilities and requirements of the relevant system concerned Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, in respect of shares in uncertificated form, such payment may include the sending by the Company or by any person on its behalf of an instruction to the Operator of the relevant system to credit the cash memorandum account of the holder or joint holders
- 128.4 The Company shall not be responsible for any loss of any such cheque, warrant or order and any payment made by direct debit, bank transfer or by means of a relevant system shall be at the sole risk of the holder or joint holders Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, if any such cheque, warrant or order has or shall be alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, the directors may, on request of the person entitle thereto, issue a replacement cheque, warrant or order subject to compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out of pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the directors may think fit
- 128.5 Payment of such cheque, warrant or order, the collection of funds from or transfer of funds by a bank in accordance with such direct debit or bank transfer or, in respect of shares in uncertificated form, the making of payment by means of the relevant system concerned, shall be a good discharge to the Company
- 128.6 Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share held by him as joint holder
129. All unclaimed dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached
130. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date of declaration of such dividend or (if later) the date such dividend became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and shall revert to the Company and the payment by the directors of any unclaimed dividend, interest or other sum payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof

RESERVES

131. The directors may before recommending any dividend, whether preferential or otherwise, carry to reserve out of the profits of the Company (including any premiums received upon the issue of debentures or other securities of the Company) such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves, which shall, at the discretion of the directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and, pending such application, may at the like discretion either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (subject to the provisions of the Acts) as the directors may from time to time think fit The directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profits which they may think prudent not to distribute

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

132. The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company

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- 132.1 subject as hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undistributed profits of the Company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve,
- 132.2 appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members in proportion to the nominal amounts of the shares (whether or not fully paid) held by them respectively which would entitle them to participate in a distribution of that sum if it were then distributable and it were distributed by way of dividend and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be issued to members credited as fully paid,
- 132.3 resolve that any shares so allotted to any member in respect of a holding by him of any partly paid shares shall so long as such shares remain partly paid rank for dividend only to the extent that the latter shares rank for dividend,
- 132.4 where any difficulty arises in regard to any distribution under this article the directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates or authorise any person to sell and transfer any fractions or may resolve that the distribution should be as nearly as may be practicable in the correct proportion but not exactly so or may ignore fractions altogether, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members in order to adjust the rights of all parties, as may seem expedient to the directors,
- 132.5 authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any further shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members, and
- 132.6 generally do all acts and things required to give effect to such resolution as aforesaid

NOTICES

133. Any notice to be given pursuant to the articles shall be in writing and the Company may give any such notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by sending it by Electronic Communication to an address for the time being notified to the Company by the member or the Company may serve any such notice or document by placing it on a website and sending the member concerned notification, in such manner as permitted by these articles or any provision in any relevant legislation, of the notice or document in lieu of sending the notice or document In the case of Joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the Joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the Joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the Joint holders
134. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company
135. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called
136. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice which, before his name is entered in the Register, has been given to the person from whom he derives his title

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137. If at any time by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services or an electronic communication system within the United Kingdom or any part thereof the Company is unable effectively to convene a general meeting by notices sent through the post or by Electronic Communication, a general meeting may be convened by a notice advertised on the same date in at least one leading national daily newspaper with appropriate circulation and such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members entitled thereto and persons entitled by transmission who are entitled to have notice of the meeting served upon them at noon on the day when the advertisement appears. In any such case the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if at least seven days prior to the meeting the posting of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom or such part thereof again becomes practicable.
138. A notice sent by the Company by first-class post shall be deemed to have been given at the expiration of 24 hours after the envelope containing it was posted and if sent by second class post shall be deemed to have been given at the expiration of 72 hours after the envelope containing it was posted and proof that the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice given by advertisement shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the advertisement appears. Any notice delivered or left at a registered address otherwise than by post shall be deemed to have been given on the day it was so delivered or left. Any notice or document sent using Electronic Communication shall be deemed to be served at the expiration of 24 hours after the time it was sent, and in proving such delivery or service, proof that a notice or document contained in an Electronic Communication was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice or document was served or delivered.
139. A notice or other document delivered or sent by post to the registered address of a member or sent by Electronic Communication to an address for the time being notified to the Company by any member pursuant to these articles or placed on a website and notified to the member concerned shall, notwithstanding that the member be then dead, bankrupt, mentally disordered or that any other event has occurred and whether or not the Company has notice of the death, bankruptcy, mental disorder or other event be deemed to have been given in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or Joint holder unless before the day of posting (or if it is not sent by post before the day of service or delivery) of the notice or document, his name has been removed from the Register as the holder of the share. A notice so given shall be deemed a sufficient notice to all persons interested (whether Jointly with or as claiming through or under the member) in the share.

RECORD DATES

140. Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles but subject always to the Acts, the Company or the directors may by resolution specify any date ("the Record Date") as the date at the close of business (or such other time as the directors may determine) on which persons registered as the holders of shares or other securities shall be entitled to receipt of any dividend, distribution, interest, allotment, issue notice, information, document or circular and such Record Date may be on or at any time before the date on which the same is paid or made or (in the case of any dividend, distribution, interest, allotment or issue) at any time after the same is recommended, resolved, declared or announced, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of the same of transferors and transferees of any such shares or other securities.

ACCOUNTS

141. The accounting records shall be kept at the office, or (subject to the provisions of the Acts) at such other place as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to inspection by the officers of the Company. No member (other than a director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by the Company in general meeting.
142. A printed copy of the directors' and auditors' reports accompanied by printed copies of the balance sheet, profit and loss account and other documents required by the Acts to be annexed to the balance sheet shall, not less than twenty-one days before the general meeting before which they are to be

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laid, be delivered or sent by post or Electronic Communication to the registered address of every member and holder of debentures of the Company, and to the auditors for the time being of the Company, and, if all or any of the shares in or debentures of the Company are for the time being listed on any stock exchange, there shall at the same time be forwarded to the secretary of such stock exchange such number of copies of each of these documents as may be required by the regulations for the time being of such stock exchange. Provided that the Company need not, subject to the provisions of the Acts and the regulations of the London Stock Exchange so permitting and if the Board so decides, send the copies of such documents to members, but instead send them a summary financial statement derived from the Company's annual accounts and the directors report, in such form and containing such information as may be required by the Acts and provided further that copies of the Company's annual accounts (together with the directors' report for the financial year and the auditor's report on those accounts) shall be sent to any Member who wishes to receive them and the Company shall comply with any provisions of the Acts as to the manner in which it is to ascertain whether a Member wishes to receive them.

Reference in this article to copies of the above-mentioned documents and/or statements being sent to any person include (without prejudice to any other provision of these articles) references to copies of such documents and/or statements being sent, or treated as sent, to such person using Electronic Communications in accordance with the applicable provisions of the CA 2006, and the applicable provisions of the CA 2006 shall also apply in respect of the publication of such documents and/or statements on a web-site.

WINDING UP

143. If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Acts, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets consist of property of one kind or of properties of different kinds may, for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be earned out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

144. Indemnity

- 144.1 Every director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, expenses, losses and liabilities including, without limitation, any liabilities in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him (losses and Expenses") which he may incur in the execution or purported execution of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, save for any liability incurred by a director or officer of the Company
- (a) to the Company or any Associate Company of the Company,
 - (b) to pay a fine imposed in criminal proceedings or a sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirement of a regulatory nature (howsoever arising),
 - (c) in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted or any civil proceedings brought by the Company or another company within the Group in which judgment is given against the director, or
 - (d) in connection with any application under section 144(3) or (4) of CA or section 1157 of CA 2006 in which the court refuses to grant him relief,

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where in the case of (c) or (d) above, such conviction, judgment or refusal to grant relief is final Such indemnity shall extend to liabilities arising after a person ceases to be a director or an officer in respect of acts or omissions while he was a director or an officer

- 144.2 The Company may purchase and maintain insurance to indemnify any director or other officer of the Company or an Associate Company of the Company against any Losses and Expenses any of them may incur in the execution of their office or otherwise in relation thereto
- 144.3 The Company may provide a director or former director of the Company with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him
- (a) in defending any criminal or civil proceedings which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as such a director of the Company in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or
 - (b) in connection with any application under the provisions mentioned in Section 205(5) of the CA 2006,
 - (c) or do anything to enable a director to incurring any expenditure in relation to 1473(a) and 1473(b)
- 144.4 provided that the terms on which it is made or done will result in the loan falling to be repaid, or any liability of the Company under any transaction connected with the thing in question falls to be discharged, not later than
- (a) in the event of a director being convicted in proceedings, on the date when the conviction becomes final, or
 - (b) in the event of judgment being given against him in the proceedings, the date when the judgment becomes final, or
 - (c) in the event of the court refusing to grant him relief on the application, the day when the refusal of relief becomes final
- 144.5 In this article 144, conviction, judgment or refusal of relief becomes final
- (a) if not appealed against, at the end of the period for bringing an appeal, or
 - (b) if appealed against, at the time when the appeal (or any further appeal) is disposed of and disposed of shall mean
 - (i) if it is determined and the period for bringing any further appeal has ended, or
 - (ii) if it is abandoned or otherwise ceases to have effect.

SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

145. Scheme of Arrangement

- 145.1 In this Article, references to the **Scheme** are to the Scheme of Arrangement under Part 26 of the Companies Act 2006 between the Company and the holders of Scheme Shares (as defined in the Scheme dated [●] November 2025 (as amended or supplemented)) and as approved by the holders of the Scheme Shares at the meeting convened by the Court (as defined in the Scheme) and as may be modified or amended in accordance with its terms and subject to any condition imposed or approved by the Court, and expressions defined in the Scheme shall have the same meanings in this Article 145.

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- 145.2 Notwithstanding either any other provision of these Articles or the terms of any resolution whether ordinary or special passed by the Company in general meeting, if the Company issues any ordinary shares (other than to Frankel UK Bidco Limited (a private limited company, incorporated in England and Wales with registered number 16802556)) (**Frankel**) or its nominee(s)) on or after the adoption of this Article 145 and before the Scheme Record Time (as defined in the Scheme), such shares shall be issued or transferred subject to the terms of the Scheme (and shall be Scheme Shares for the purposes of the Scheme) and the original or any subsequent holder or holders of such ordinary shares shall be bound by the Scheme accordingly.
- 145.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, if any ordinary shares are issued to any person (other than Frankel or its nominee(s)) (the **New Member**) at or after the Scheme Record Time, such New Member (or any subsequent holder or any nominee of such New Member or any such subsequent holder) will, provided the Scheme shall have become effective, be obliged to transfer immediately all the ordinary shares held by the New Member (or any subsequent holder or any nominee of such New Member or any such subsequent holder) (the **Disposal Shares**) to Frankel (or as Frankel may otherwise direct) who shall be obliged to acquire all of the Disposal Shares in consideration of and conditional on the payment by or on behalf of Frankel to the New Member of an amount in cash for each Disposal Share equal to the consideration that the New Member would have been entitled to had each Disposal Share been a Scheme Share.
- 145.4 On any reorganisation of, or material alteration to, the share capital of the Company (including, without limitation, any subdivision and/or consolidation) carried out after the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme), the value of the consideration per Disposal Share to be paid under Article 145.3 above shall be adjusted by the directors in such manner as the auditors of the Company or an independent investment bank selected by the Company may determine to be fair and reasonable to reflect such reorganisation or alteration. References in this Article 145 to ordinary shares shall, following such adjustment, be construed accordingly.
- 145.5 To give effect to any transfer required by this Article 145, the Company may appoint any person as attorney and/or agent for the New Member to execute and deliver as transferor a form of transfer or instructions of transfer on behalf of the New Member (or any subsequent holder or any nominee of such New Member or any such subsequent holder) in favour of Frankel and do all such other things and execute and deliver all such documents as may in the opinion of the attorney or agent be necessary or desirable to vest the Disposal Shares in Frankel and pending such vesting to exercise all such rights to the Disposal Shares as Frankel may direct. If an attorney or agent is so appointed, the New Member shall not thereafter (except to the extent that the attorney or agent fails to act in accordance with the directions of Frankel) be entitled to exercise any rights attaching to the Disposal Shares unless so agreed by Frankel. The Company may give good receipt for the consideration of the Disposal Shares and may register Frankel as holder of the Disposal Shares and issue to it certificates for the same. The attorney or agent shall be empowered to execute and deliver as transferor a form of transfer or instructions of transfer on behalf of the New Member (or any subsequent holder). The Company shall not be obliged to issue a certificate to the New Member for any Disposal Shares. Frankel shall send a cheque drawn on a UK clearing bank (or shall procure that such a cheque is sent) in favour of the New Member (or any subsequent holder or any nominee of such New Member or any such subsequent holder) for the consideration of such Disposal Shares within 14 days of the date on which the Disposal Shares are issued to the New Member.
- 145.6 If the Scheme shall not have become Effective by the date referred to in clause 6(B) of the Scheme (or such later date, if any, as Frankel and the Company may agree and the Court and the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers may allow, if such consent is required), this Article 145 shall be of no effect.
- 145.7 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, both the Company and the directors may refuse to register the transfer of any Scheme Shares effected between the Scheme Record Time and the effective date of the Scheme.

IDOX PLC ("Company")

~~At the Annual General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held at Fairfax House, 15 Fulwood Place, London WC1V 6AY on 25 February 2016 at 11.00 am the following ordinary and special resolutions were passed~~

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

- ~~1. To receive and adopt the statement of accounts for the year ended 31 October 2015 together with the reports of the directors and the auditors thereon~~
- ~~2. To elect Laurence Vaughn, who was appointed since the last Annual General Meeting, as a director of the Company~~
- ~~3. To elect Andrew Riley, who was appointed since the last Annual General Meeting, as a director of the Company~~
- ~~4. To elect Barbara Moorhouse, who was appointed since the last Annual General Meeting, as a director of the Company~~
- ~~5. To re-elect Jeremy Millard, who retires by rotation, as a director of the Company~~
- ~~6. To re-appoint Grant Thornton UK LLP as auditors to act as such until the conclusion of the next general meeting of the Company at which the requirements of section 437 and 438 of the Companies Act 2006 ("**2006 Act**") are complied with and to authorise the directors of the Company to fix their remuneration~~
- ~~7. To declare a dividend of 0.525 pence per ordinary share of 1 pence each ("**Ordinary Shares**") in the capital of the Company~~
- ~~8. That the directors of the Company be generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with section 551 of the 2006 Act to allot Relevant Securities (as defined in note 1 to this resolution) up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,170,000 (representing approximately 33 per cent of the entire issued share capital of the Company), provided that this authority shall, unless renewed, varied or revoked **by the Company in general meeting**, expire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company to be held in 2017, save that the Company may at any time before such expiry make an offer or agreement which might require Relevant Securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot Relevant Securities to be allotted in pursuance of such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the authority hereby conferred has expired. This authority is in substitution for all previous authorities conferred on the directors in accordance with section 551 of the 2006 Act~~

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- ~~9. That the draft articles of association produced to the meeting initialled by the chairman of the meeting for the purposes of identification be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the Company's existing articles of association~~
- ~~10. That the directors of the Company be generally empowered pursuant to section 570 of the 2006 Act to allot equity securities (as defined in section 560 of the 2006 Act) for cash as if section 561(1) of the 2006 Act did not apply to any such allotment pursuant to the general authority conferred on them by resolution 6 above (as varied from time to time by the Company in general meeting) **PROVIDED THAT** such power shall be limited to—
 - ~~(a) the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue or any other offer to holders of Ordinary Shares in proportion (as nearly as may be practicable) to their respective holdings and to holders of other equity securities as required by the rights of those securities or as the Directors otherwise consider necessary, but subject to such exclusions or other~~~~

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~~arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to treasury shares, fractional entitlements, record dates, legal or practical problems in or under the laws of any territory or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange, and~~

~~(b) the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £178,189 being approximately 10 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company,~~

~~and the power hereby conferred shall operate in substitution for and to the exclusion of any previous power given to the directors pursuant to section 570 of the 2006 Act and shall expire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company to be held in 2017 (unless renewed varied or revoked by the Company prior to or on that date) save that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the power conferred by this resolution has expired~~

~~11. That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised to make market purchases (within the meaning of section 693(4) of the 2006 Act) of its Ordinary Shares provided that –~~

~~(a) the maximum number of Ordinary Shares authorised to be purchased is 35,000,000 representing approximately 10 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company,~~

~~(b) the minimum price which may be paid for an Ordinary Share is 1 pence,~~

~~(c) the maximum price which may be paid for an Ordinary Share is an amount equal to 105 per cent of the average of the middle-market prices shown in the quotation for an Ordinary Share as derived from the Stock Exchange Alternative Trading Service of the Stock Exchange for the 5 business days immediately preceding the day on which the Ordinary Share is purchased,~~

~~(d) the authority hereby conferred shall expire on the earlier of the date falling 15 months after the Annual General Meeting or on the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company to be held in 2017, and~~

~~(e) the Company may make a contract to purchase its Ordinary Shares under the authority hereby conferred prior to the expiry of such authority, which contract will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of such contract~~

CHAIRMAN

